This checklist incorporates references to both 'The NELAC Institute' 2003 and 2009 Standards, where applicable. The 2009 reference is in brackets.

Directions: Place a mark (e.g., /, $\sqrt{}$ or X) in the appropriate column (Yes (Y), No (N), or Not Applicable (NA)). If it is an observation on areas for possible improvement, place a mark under the Suggestion (S) column. In database, use code "SGST."

Lab ID:		Assessment ID:	
Lab Nam	ne:		
	ormation on the " Lab Pre-Assessme n eed to formally request the change us	nt Report" is NOT accurate, note the changes that need to be made below. sing Application Form 107.	In addition, the
	Address (Mailing):		
	Address (Physical Location):		
	Telephone:		
	E-mail:		
Personn	el Interviewed:		
At the tin	ne of the assessment, a question mark	ked 'yes' indicates that no evidence of a deficiency was observed.	
Assessm	nent Date(s):	Assessor (Signature):	
If this wa	is a team assessment, indicate the Lea	ead Assessor's name.	

Dell'edicological Analysis Defect 134 (f. 150.)	D.C.L. O. I	A (c
Radiochemical Analysis Detailed Method Review	Deficiency Code	Comments
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		

Revision 0 (10/06/11) Initial Release

Radiochemical Analysis Detailed Method Review	Deficiency Code	Comments
,		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Data records observed:		
Method Number:		
SOP Number:		
Rev.:		
SOP date:		
Personnel records observed:		
Data records observed:		

Revision 0 (10/06/11) Initial Release

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	s	Codes	Comments
Does the laboratory demonstrate that it meets all requirements contained in a	D.					000d41	
mandated test method or by regulation, even if the requirement is more stringent	5.1.1					or	
than the corresponding standard?	[M2,5.9.3(c)]					000d11	
Note: If it is unclear which requirements are more stringent, the standard from the method of regulation shall be followed)							
Are the quality control protocols specified by the laboratory's method manual followed by all analysts?	D [M2,5.9.3(c)]					000d42	
Are all essential quality control measures incorporated in the lab's method	D					000d43	
manual?	[M2,5.9.3(c)]					000040	
Are all quality control measures assessed and evaluated on an on-going basis	D					000d44	
and is quality control acceptance criteria used to determine the validity of the data?	[M2,5.9.3(b)]						
Does the laboratory have procedures for developing acceptance/rejection criteria	D					000d45	
for each test method where no method or regulatory criteria exists?	[M2,5.9.3(c)]						
Are method blanks, analyzed at a frequency of one per preparation batch, used	D.4.1.a.1					00d410	
to assess batch acceptance?	[M6,1.7.2.1(a-b)]						
Is the method blank result assessed against the specific acceptance criteria	D.4.1.a.1					0d410a	
specified in the laboratory method manual?	[[M6,1.7.3.1(a)]						
When the method blank acceptance criteria are not met, are the corrective action	D.4.1.a.1					0d410b	
and contingencies specified in the laboratory method manual followed and are results reported with appropriate qualifying codes?	[M6,1.7.3.1(a) & (c)]						
Does the laboratory note the occurrence of a failed method blank and the actions	D4.1.a.1					0d410c	
taken in the laboratory report?	[M6,1.7.3.1(d)]						
In the case of gamma spectrometry, is the method blank prepared from a similar	D.4.1.a.2					00d411	
counting geometry that is empty or filled to similar volume with ASTM Type II							
water used to partially simulate gamma attenuation due to a sample matrix?							
Is there no subtraction of the required method blank result from the sample	D.4.1.a.3					00d412	
results in the associated preparation or analytical batch, unless permitted by the test method or program?	[M6,1.7.2.1(c)]						
If a correction factor such as instrument background, analyte presence in tracer,	D.4.1.a.3					00d413	
reagent impurity, peak overlap or calibration blank is applied, is it applied to all	[M6,1.7.2.1(c)]						
analyzed samples and internal QC samples?	[,(0/]						
Is the method blank prepared with similar aliquot size to that of the routine	D.4.1.a.4					0d413a	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	S	Codes	Comments
samples for analysis?	[M6,1.7.2.1(c)]						
Are the method blank result and acceptance criteria calculated in a manner that	D.4.1.a.4					00d414	
compensates for sample results based upon differing aliquot size?	[M6,1.7.3.1(b)]						
Is a Laboratory Control Samples (LCS) analyzed at a frequency of one per	D.4.1.b.1					00d415	
preparation batch?	[M6,1.7.2.2(b)]						
Are the results of the analysis of the LCS used as one of the quality control	D.4.1.b.1					00d416	
measures to be used to assess batch acceptance?	[M6,1.7.4.2(a)]						
Is the laboratory control sample result assessed against the specific acceptance	D.4.1.b.1					00d417	
criteria specified in the laboratory method manual?	[M6,1.7.3.2(b)]						
When the specified laboratory control sample acceptance criteria is not met, are	D.4.1.b.1					00d418	
the specified corrective action and contingencies followed?	[M6,1.7.3.2(c)]						
Is the occurrence of a failed laboratory control sample acceptance criteria and the	D.4.1.b.1					00d419+	
actions taken noted in the laboratory report?	[M6,1.7.3.2(d)]						
Is a Matrix Spike analyzed at a frequency of one per preparation batch for those	D.4.1.b.2					00d420	
methods which do not utilize an internal standard or carrier and for which there is							
a physical or chemical separation process and where there is sufficient sample to							
do so? (Note: the exceptions are gross alpha, gross beta, and tritium which							
require matrix spikes for aqueous samples.)	D.4.1.b.2					004424	
Are the results of the analysis of the matrix spike one of the quality control measures used to assess batch acceptance?						00d421	
<u>'</u>	[M6,1.7.3.3(a)(i)] D.4.1.b.2					00d422	
Is the matrix spike result assessed against the specific acceptance criteria specified in the laboratory method manual?	-					000422	
·	[M6,1.7.3.3(a)(ii)] D.4.1.b.2					00d423	
When the specified matrix spike acceptance criteria is not met, are the specified corrective action and contingencies followed?						000423	
<u> </u>	[M6,1.7.3.3(a)(ii)] D.4.1.b.2					00d424	
Is the occurrence of a failed matrix spike acceptance criteria and the actions taken noted in the laboratory report?						000424	
· '	[M6,1.7.3.3(a)(iii)] D.4.1.b.2					00d425	
Is the lack of sufficient sample aliquot size to perform a matrix spike analysis noted in the laboratory report?						000423	
Is the activity of the laboratory control sample (1) at least ten (10) times the	[M6,1.7.2.3(a)(iv] D.4.1.b.3					00d426	
detection limit and (2) at a level comparable to that of routine samples if the	[M6,1.7.2.2(e)]					00U4Z0	
sample activities are expected to exceed ten (10) times the detection limit?	[[1010, 1.7.2.2(8)]						
dample assistant as one office to one of the transfer and actorion milities							
Note: In 2003 NELAC Standard, the activity of the LCS at least 5 times the MDL							
and at a level comparable to routine samples if activity is to exceed 5 times the							

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	s	Codes	Comments
MDL.	[]						
Is the activity of the matrix spike analyte(s) greater than ten times the detection limit?	D.4.1.b.4 [M6,1.7.2.3(a)(v)]					0d426a	
Are the laboratory standards used to prepare the LCS and matrix spike from a source independent of the laboratory standards (and meeting the requirements for reference standards per D.4.7.a) used for instrument calibration?	D.4.1.b.5 [M6,1.7.2.2(f)] [M6,1.7.2.3(a)(vi)]					00d427	
When a radiochemical method, other than gamma spectroscopy, has more than one reportable analyte isotope (e.g. isotopic uranium: U-234, -235, and -238), is one of the analyte isotopes included in the laboratory control or matrix spike sample at the indicated activity level?	D.4.1.b.6 [M6,1.7.2.2(g)]					00d428	
Is the matrix spike prepared by adding a known activity of target analyte after sub sampling, if required, but before any chemical treatment (e.g. chemical digestion, dissolution, separation, etc).	D.4.1.b.6 [M6,1.7.2.3(a)(vii)]					00d428a	
Where more than one analyte isotope is present in the LCS or matrix spike is above the specified detection limit, is the activity level of each analyte assessed against the specified acceptance criteria?	D.4.1.b.6 [M6,1.7.2.2(g)]					00d429	
Where gamma spectrometry is used to identify and quantitate more than one analyte isotope, does the LCS and matrix spike contain isotopes that represent the low (e.g. americium-241), medium (e.g. cesium-137) and high (e.g. cobalt-60) energy range of the analyzed gamma spectra? (The isotopes need not exactly bracket the calibrated energy range or the range over which isotopes are identified and quantitated.)	D.4.1.b.7 [M6,1.7.2.2(h)]					00d430	
Is the LCS prepared using a similar aliquot size to that of the routine samples for analysis?	D.4.1.b.8 [M6,1.7.2.2(i)]					0d430a	
Are replicates analyzed at a frequency of one per preparation batch where there is sufficient sample to do so?	D.4.2.a [M6,1.7.2.3(b)]					00d431	
Are the results of replicate analysis one of the quality control measures used to assess batch acceptance?	D.4.2.a [M6,1.7.2.3(b)]					00d432	
Is the replicate result assessed against the specific acceptance criteria specified in the laboratory method manual?	D.4.2.a [M6,1.7.3.3(b)(iii)]					00d433	
When the specified replicate acceptance criteria is not met, are the specified corrective action and contingencies followed?	D.4.2.a [M6,1.7.3.3(b)(iii)]					00d434	
Does the corrective action take into consideration sample inhomogeneity which may be a cause of the failed replicate acceptance criteria?	D.4.2.a [M6,1.7.3.3]					0d434a	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	S	Codes	Comments
Is the occurrence of a failed replicate acceptance criteria and the actions noted in	D.4.2.a					00d435	
the laboratory report?	[M6,1.7.3.3(b)(iv]						
For low level samples (less than approximately three times the detection limit),	D.4.2.b					0d435a	
does the laboratory analyze duplicate LCS's or a replicate MS to determine reproducibility within a preparation batch?	[M6,1.7.2.3(b)(iv)]						
For those methods that utilize a tracer (i.e. internal standard), is each sample	D.4.1.c.1					00d436	
result associated tracer recovery calculated and reported?	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
Is the tracer added to the sample after sub sampling, if required, but before any	D.4.1.c.1					00d436a	
chemical treatment (e.g. chemical digestion, dissolution, separation, etc) unless otherwise specified by the method.	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
Is the tracer recovery for each sample results one of the quality control measures	D.4.1.c.1					00d437	
used to assess the associated sample result acceptance?	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
Is the tracer recovery assessed against the specific acceptance criteria specified	D.4.1.c.1					00d438	
in the laboratory method manual?	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
When the specified tracer recovery acceptance criteria is not met, are the	D.4.1.c.1					00d439	
specified corrective action and contingencies followed?	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
Is the occurrence of a failed tracer recovery acceptance criteria and the actions	D.4.1.c.1					00d440	
taken noted in the laboratory report?	[M6,1.7.2.3(c)]						
For those methods that utilize a carrier (i.e. internal standard), is each sample	D.4.1.c.2					00d441	
associated carrier recovery calculated and reported?	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
Is the carrier added to the sample after sub sampling, if required, but before any	D.4.1.c.2					00d441a	
chemical treatment (e.g. chemical digestion, dissolution, separation, etc) unless otherwise specified by the method.	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
Is the carrier recovery for each sample one of the quality control measures used	D.4.1.c.2					00d442	
to assess the associated sample result acceptance?	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
Is the carrier recovery assessed against the specific acceptance criteria specified	D.4.1.c.2					00d443	
in the laboratory method manual?	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
When the specified carrier recovery acceptance criteria is not met, is the	D.4.1.c.2					00d444	
specified corrective action and contingencies followed?	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
Is the occurrence of a failed carrier recovery acceptance criteria and the actions	D.4.1.c.2					00d445	
taken noted in the laboratory report?	[M6,1.7.2.3(d)]						
Is the Initial Demonstration performed initially (prior to the analysis of any	D.4.3.a					00d446	
samples) and with a significant change in instrument type, personnel or method?	[M6,1.6.1]						
Does the laboratory use the results of proficiency test sample analysis to evaluate	D.4.3.b					00d446a	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	s	Codes	Comments
its ability to produce accurate data?	-						
Does the laboratory calibrate radiochemistry analytical instruments	D.4.4.a.1						
a prior to initial use,	[M6,1.7.1(a)]					0d459a	
b after they are placed back into service after malfunction,						0d459b	
c with change in response as determined by a performance check, and						0d459c	
d when response exceeds predetermined acceptance criteria for instrument quality control?						0d459d	
Do the standards have the same general characteristics (i.e. geometry,	D.4.4.a.2					00d460	
homogeneity, density, etc.) as the associated samples?	[M6,1.7.1(a)]						
Does the laboratory perform instrument calibrations with appropriate reference	D.4.4.a.2					00d460a	
standards?	[M6,1.7.1(a)]						
Note: "Appropriate" means meeting the requirement in NELAC 2003 Section D4.7(a) and TNI 2009 Section 1.7.2.5(c).							
Is the frequency of calibration addressed in the laboratory method manual if not	D.4.4.a.3					00d461	
addressed in the method?	[M6,1.7.1(a)]						
Is a specific frequency of calibration (e.g. monthly) or are observations from the	D.4.4.a.3					00d462	
associated control or tolerance chart used as the basis for calibration specified?	[M6,1.7.1(a)]						
Are instrument performance checks using appropriate check sources performed	D.4.4.b					00d475	
on a regular basis and monitored with control charts or tolerance charts to ensure that the instrument is operating properly and that the calibration has not changed?	[M6,1.7.1(b)]						
Is the same check source used in the preparation of the tolerance chart or control	D.4.4.b					00d476	
chart at the time of calibration used in the performance checks of the instrument?	[M6,1.7.1(b)]						
Does the check sources provide adequate counting statistics for a relatively short	D.4.4.b					00d477	
count time?	[M6,1.7.1(b)]						
Is the check source sealed or encapsulated to prevent loss of activity and	D.4.4.b					00d478	
contamination of the instrument and laboratory personnel?	[M6,1.7.1(b)]						
For alpha and gamma spectroscopy systems, do the instrument calibration	D.4.4.b					00d479	
verification checks include checks on the counting efficiency and the relationship	[M6,1.7.1(b)]						
between channel number and alpha or gamma ray energy?		1					
For gamma spectroscopy systems, are the calibration verification checks for	D.4.4.b.1					00d480	
efficiency and energy calibration performed on a day of use basis along with performance checks on peak resolution?	[M6,1.7.1(b)(i)]						
· ·	D.4.4.b.2	1				00d481	
For alpha spectroscopy systems, are the calibration verification checks for energy	D.4.4.D.Z					000461	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	S	Codes	Comments
calibration performed on weekly basis and the performance check for counting efficiency shall be performed on at least a monthly basis?	[M6,1.7.1(b)(ii)]						
For gas-proportional and scintillation counters, is the calibration verification checks for counting efficiency performed on a day of use basis?	D.4.4.b.3 [M6,1.7.1(b)(iii)]					00d482	
For batches of samples that uninterruptedly count for more than a day, is a performance check performed at the beginning and end of the batch as long as this time interval is no greater than one week?	D.4.4.b.3 [M6,1.7.1(b)(iii)]					0d44b3	
For scintillation counter, is the calibration verification check for counting efficiency performed on a day of use basis?	D.4.4.b.4 [M6,1.7.1(b)(iv)]					00d483	
Are background calibration measurements made on a regular basis?	D.4.4.c [M6,1.7.1(c)]					00d453	
Are background calibration measurements monitored using control charts or tolerance charts to ensure that a laboratory maintains its capability to meet required data quality objectives	D.4.4.c [M6,1.7.1(c)]					00d454	
Are background calibration measurements subtracted from the total measured activity in the determination of the sample activity?	D.4.4.c [M6,1.7.1(c)]					00d455	
For gamma spectroscopy systems, are background calibration measurements performed on at least a monthly basis?	D.4.4.c.1 [M6,1.7.1(c)(i)]					00d456	
For alpha spectroscopy systems, are background calibration measurements performed on at least a monthly basis?	D.4.4.c.2 [M6,1.7.1(c)(ii)]					00d457	
For gas-proportional counters, are background measurements performed on a weekly basis?	D.4.4.c.3 [M6,1.7.1(c)(iii)]					0d457a	
For scintillation counters, are background calibration measurements performed on a day of use basis?	D.4.4.c.4 [M6,1.7.1(c)(iv)]					00d458	
Are the detection limits determined prior to sample analysis and redetermined each time there is a significant change in the test method or instrument type?	D.4.5.a [M6,1.5.2.1(b)] [M6,1.5.2.1(c)]					0d458a	
Are the procedures for the determination of detection limits documented and consistent with mandated methods or regulations?	D.4.5.b [M6,1.5.2]					0d458b	
Are the procedures for data reduction consistent with this standard?	D.4.6.a [M6,1.7.2.4]					0d458c	
Does the laboratory have written procedures for monitoring radiation measurement instrumentation for radioactive contamination?	D.4.4.d [M6,1.7.1(d)]					0d458d	
Do these procedures for monitoring radioactive contamination indicate the	D.4.4.d					0d458e	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	S	Codes	Comments
frequency of the monitoring and include criteria that initiate corrective action?	[M6,1.7.1(d)]						
Is each result reported with an associated measurement uncertainty, and are the	D.4.6.b					00d463	
procedures for determining measurement uncertainty documented and consistent	[M6,1.7.2.4(b-c)]						
with mandated methods and regulations?							
Does the laboratory's quality control program establish and maintain provisions	D.4.7.a					00d465	
for radio nuclide standards?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)]						
Are the reference standards that are used obtained from the National Institute of	D.4.7.a.1					00d466	
Standards and Technology (NIST), EPA, or suppliers who participate in supplying NIST standards or NIST traceable radionuclides?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(i)]						
Are any reference standards purchased outside the United States traceable back	D.4.7.a.1					00d467	
to each country's national standards laboratory?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(i)]						
Do commercial suppliers of reference standards conform to ANSI N42.22 to	D.4.7.a.1					00d468	
assure the quality of their products?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(i)]						
Are reference standards accompanied with a certificate of calibration whose	D.4.7.a.2					00d469	
content is as described in ANSI N42.22 - 1995, Section 8, Certificates?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(ii)]						
Does the laboratory consult with the supplier if the lab's verification of the activity	D.4.7.a.3					00d470	
of the reference traceable standard indicates a noticeable deviation from the certified value?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(iii)]						
Does the laboratory does not use a value for a standard other than the decay	D.4.7.a.3					00d471	
corrected certified value?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(iii)]						
Does the laboratory have written procedures for handling, storing and	D.4.7.a.3					00d471a	
establishment of expiration dates for reference standards?	[M6,1.7.2.5(c)(iii)]						
Are all reagents used analytical reagent grade or better?	D.4.7.b					00d472	
	[M6,1.7.2.5(a)]						
Does the laboratory establish written procedures to minimize the possibility of	D.6.9					00d473	
cross-contamination between samples?	[M3,1.7.8.2]						
Does the laboratory maintain a radiological control program that addresses	D.4.8					00d474	
analytical radiological control?	[M6,1.7.2.7(c)]						
Does the program address the procedures for segregating samples with	D.4.8					00d484	
potentially widely varying levels of radioactivity?	[M6,1.7.2.7(c)]						
Does the radiological control program explicitly define how low level and high	D.4.8					00d485	
level samples will be identified, segregated and processed in order to prevent sample cross-contamination?	[M6,1.7.2.7(c)]						
Does the radiological control program include the measure taken to monitor and	D.4.8					00d486	

	NELAC Reference						
Relevant Aspect of Standards	[2009]	Υ	N	N/A	S	Codes	Comments
evaluate background activity or contamination on an ongoing basis?	[M6,1.7.2.7(c)]						